

## ContainerPower Energy Solutions

# Sufficient power inverter recommendation



LIQUID/AIR COOLING

ON GRID/HYBRID

PROTECTION IP54/IP55

BATTERY /6000 CYCLES



## Overview

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In general, a 3000W to 5000W inverter works well for most homes, but the exact size depends on factors like household appliances, total power consumption, and battery setup. How do I choose the right inverter size?

Knowing the power consumption of each device is the first step in determining the appropriate inverter size. The wattage of each device can typically be found on its label or user manual. The formula to calculate wattage is:  $\text{Wattage (W)} = \text{Voltage (V)} \times \text{Amperage (A)}$  For example, a refrigerator may use 200W, while a fan might consume 70W.

What is a good inverter capacity for a house?

For houses, it is usually taken as 0.7. So,  $\text{inverter capacity (VA)} = \text{Total power requirement (Watt)} \div \text{Power Factor}$  Using the above example:  $\text{Inverter capacity} = 430 \div 0.7 = 614 \text{ VA}$  So, you must look for an inverter of around 650 VA or a little more. It is always better to keep some margin to avoid overload.

How to choose the best inverter with a battery for home?

You should always pick a battery slightly bigger than what you calculate. So, a 160 Ah battery would be good for your needs. When looking for the best inverter with a battery for home, check that both the inverter and battery are compatible. Choosing the right battery type is equivalent to picking the best inverter for the home.

How much power does an inverter need?

For example, if your total running wattage is 2200W and your surge wattage adds another 400W, your total power requirement is 2600W. Inverters typically operate at an efficiency of around 85%-95%. To ensure your inverter can handle your total load, divide your total power consumption by the inverter's efficiency.

How do you calculate inverter capacity?

Inverters are rated in VA (Volt-Ampere). But there is always some power loss. That is why the power factor is considered. For houses, it is usually taken as 0.7. So, inverter capacity (VA) = Total power requirement (Watt) ÷ Power Factor Using the above example: Inverter capacity =  $430 \div 0.7 = 614$  VA.

How do you calculate inverter efficiency?

Inverters typically operate at an efficiency of around 85%-95%. To ensure your inverter can handle your total load, divide your total power consumption by the inverter's efficiency. Required Inverter Power = Total Power ÷ Efficiency If your total power requirement is 2600W and you choose an inverter with 90% efficiency, your calculation would be:

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## Contact Us

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