

## ContainerPower Energy Solutions

# What is a low frequency high frequency inverter



## Overview

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What is the difference between low frequency and high frequency inverters?

Low-frequency Inverters are designed to handle high-surge loads, typically 2-5 times their rated power output. This makes them perfect for refrigerators, compressors, or air conditioners requiring extra power during startup. High-frequency inverters typically have 1.5-2 times their rated power, which limits their surge capacity.

What is a low frequency inverter?

Low-frequency inverters are known for their durability and ability to handle high surge loads. The heavy transformers inside these inverters allow them to deliver much power for short bursts, which is essential for starting devices like refrigerators, air conditioners, or power tools that need extra energy to start running.

Should you buy a low-frequency inverter?

If you need to power appliances with high surge requirements, like refrigerators, compressors, or industrial machinery, a low-frequency inverter is a better choice due to its ability to handle high starting currents.

What is a high frequency inverter?

A high-frequency inverter is a type of power inverter that uses advanced electronic switching technology to convert DC into AC. Instead of heavy transformers, these inverters use smaller, lightweight components that operate at very high switching speeds (several thousand Hz). High-frequency inverters are compact, lightweight, and efficient.

What type of inverter do I Need?

Heavy-duty items, such as air conditioners and refrigerators, may require a low frequency inverter with high surge capacity. For electronics like computers and televisions, then a high frequency inverter with a higher efficiency may be

preferable.

What are the advantages of a high frequency inverter?

High frequency inverters typically have an output of 20kHz or higher. Smaller size and weight compared to low-frequency inverters. Higher efficiency due to reduced power losses. Greater accuracy in output waveform due to the high frequency. Lower electromagnetic interference (EMI) due to higher switching frequency.

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